

## **Title 10 VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC**

### **Chapters:**

Chapter 10.04 - TRAFFIC RULES AND REGULATIONS

Chapter 10.08 - PARKING REGULATIONS

## **Chapter 10.04 TRAFFIC RULES AND REGULATIONS**

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### **10.04.010 Definitions.**

For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning respectively ascribed to them as follows:

"Authorized emergency vehicle" means vehicles of the fire department, police department and such ambulances and emergency vehicles as may be designated or authorized by the chief of police.

"Cross walk" means that portion of a street included within the prolongation or connection of the lateral lines of sidewalks at intersections, or on any portion of a street distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing or traffic by lines or other markings.

"Driver" means every person who drives or is in actual physical control of a vehicle.

"Intersection" means the area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the intersecting highways, or the area within which vehicles traveling on different highways may come into conflict.

"Parking" or "park" means the standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actively engaged in loading or unloading goods, merchandise or persons.

"Pedestrian" means any person afoot, including infants in a carriage being pushed or pulled by a person.

"Person" means every natural person, firm, copartnership, association or corporation.

"Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curb lines or lateral lines defining vehicular traffic, and the adjacent property lines, and intended for pedestrian travel.

"Stop" means the complete cessation of movement.

"Street," "highway" or "roadway" shall be used interchangeably and means the entire width of every way or place open to the public, as a matter of right, for public vehicular travel; provided that "street" or "roadway" shall not include alley and where the word "alley" is used, it means every way or place intersecting a block and open to the public, as a matter of right, for public vehicular travel.

"Traffic" means either persons or vehicles while using any street or sidewalk for the purpose of travel.

"Vehicle" means every device in, upon, or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a street or highway, except devices moved solely by human power or used exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks; for the purpose of this chapter, a bicycle or a ridden animal shall be deemed a vehicle.

(Prior code § 10-101)

**10.04.020 Restricted vehicular district established.**

For the purpose of the regulation and control of traffic upon the streets there is established a restricted vehicular district and the chief of police is authorized and directed to designate immediately, and from time to time hereafter as is deemed necessary for the control of traffic, all streets and parts of streets to be included within the district, and to designate the hours and limits of time of parking within such district, and for such purpose the chief of police is also authorized and directed to erect and place such signs within such districts as shall give notice of the various hours and times of parking within such district.

(Prior code § 10-102)

**10.04.030 Restrictions set by chief of police.**

The chief of police with the approval of the legislative body of the municipality, is authorized to designate such through streets, stop streets, one-way streets, safety zones, places where parking is prohibited, and no U-turn intersections, in and upon the streets as shall be deemed necessary for the regulations and control of traffic, and shall cause appropriate signs, signals or other traffic devices to be placed and maintained upon such streets to give notice thereof.

(Prior code § 10-103)

**10.04.040 Complete stop required.**

All vehicles must be brought to a complete stop before passing any stop sign or entering upon an arterial or through street, and no vehicle shall enter into an arterial or through street except cautiously and shall yield the right-of-way to vehicles not so required to stop and which are in the intersection, or are approaching at a lawful speed, so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard.

(Prior code § 10-111)

**10.04.050 Left turn approached from left—Right turn approached from right—Right turn against red light.**

The driver of a vehicle intending to make a turn to the left at an intersection, shall approach the intersection on the left side of the driver's right half of the roadway, and shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction which is in the intersection or so close thereto as to constitute an immediate hazard. Such driver shall, before turning, signal as required by the statutes of the state of Idaho, and shall keep on the driver's right half of the intersection and roadway.

The driver of a vehicle intending to make a turn to the right at an intersection, shall approach the intersection on the right side of the driver's right of the roadway, and before turning, shall signal as required by the statutes of the state of Idaho. Right-hand turns may be made against red lights upon the vehicle being brought to a complete stop before entering onto the crosswalk, and before or while proceeding, such driver shall give the right-of-way to vehicles lawfully in the intersection and to pedestrians traveling the crosswalk or proceeding with the green lights who are declared to have the superior right-of-way.

All turns shall be made with due caution and circumspection, and subject to the superior right-of-way provided in this chapter.

(Prior code § 10-112)

**10.04.060 U-turns.**

No U-turn or turn reversing the direction of travel, shall be made at any intersection in which "No-U-turn" signs are erected, nor at any intersection at which there is a traffic signal light, nor at any place other than at an intersection, nor unless there is sufficient space to make such turn without backing, nor unless prior to and during such turn, the same is signalled in the manner required by state law.

(Prior code § 10-113)

**10.04.070 Pedestrian right-of-way.**

Where traffic control signals are not placed or not in operation, the driver of a vehicle (except upon an arterial or through street), shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian crossing the street within any crosswalk.

(Prior code § 10-114)

**10.04.080 Pedestrians cross on crosswalks only.**

No pedestrian shall cross any street except upon the crosswalks thereof.

(Prior code § 10-115)

**10.04.090 Driving away from curb.**

Any vehicle entering or leaving a curb or parking space shall yield the right-of-way to the moving vehicles, and the driver of any vehicle before starting, stopping or turning from a direct line of travel shall first see that such action can be made in safety to other vehicles and to pedestrians.

(Prior code § 10-117)

**10.04.100 Emergency vehicles have right-of-way.**

The driver of any vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to authorized emergency vehicles when the latter are operated with audible signal by bell, siren or whistle or flashing red light.

(Prior code § 10-118)

**10.04.110 Traffic to stop at sound of emergency vehicle.**

Upon the approach of any authorized emergency vehicle giving audible signal by bell, siren or whistle, the driver of any other vehicle shall immediately drive such vehicle to a position as near as possible and parallel to the curb on the driver's right-hand side, clear of any intersection, and shall stop and remain in such position until the authorized emergency vehicle has passed, unless otherwise directed by a police or traffic officer. It is unlawful for the driver of any vehicle, other than one on official business connected therewith, to follow any authorized emergency vehicle at a distance of less than one block.

(Prior code § 10-119)

**10.04.120 Driving over fire hose.**

No vehicle shall drive over or upon any fire hose unless directed to do so by a fireman or police officer.

(Prior code § 10-120)

**10.04.130 Driving on right half of street.**

The driver of any vehicle shall drive such vehicle upon the driver's right half of the street, except upon one-way streets or alleys, and except when such right half of the street is out of repair, or when passing or overtaking another vehicle in other lanes.

(Prior code § 10-121)

**10.04.140 Driving in traffic lanes.**

Where the highway or street is marked by traffic lanes, a vehicle shall be driven entirely within a single lane and shall not be moved out of such lane until such movement can be made with safety, and such movement shall be subject to the right-of-way of vehicles in other lanes.

(Prior code § 10-122)

**10.04.150 Passing vehicles.**

The driver of a vehicle over-taking another vehicle proceeding in the same direction shall drive to the left thereof at a safe distance and shall not again drive to the right until safely clear of the overtaken vehicle, provided, that where the street is marked into traffic lanes, it shall be permissible for the overtaking vehicle to pass the overtaken vehicle in either the right or left hand lane. The driver of a vehicle shall not drive to the left side of the center line of the street in passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction, unless such driver has a clear view and the left side of the street is free from oncoming traffic for a sufficient distance to permit such overtaking and passing to be completely made without impeding the safe operation of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction, such approaching vehicle having the superior right-of-way.

(Prior code § 10-123)

**10.04.160 Overtaken vehicle not to increase speed.**

The driver of an overtaken vehicle shall, subject to the provisions of Sections 10.04.140 and 10.04.150 of this chapter, give way to the driver's right, in favor of the overtaking vehicle, and shall not increase its speed until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.

(Prior code § 10-124)

**10.04.170 Signal when passing.**

The driver of an overtaking vehicle shall give audible warning with a horn or other warning device before passing or attempting to pass a vehicle proceeding in the same direction.

(Prior code § 10-125)

**10.04.180 When passing is prohibited.**

The driver of a vehicle shall not overtake and pass any other vehicle proceeding in the same direction at any railway crossing, nor at any intersection except such vehicles as are turning into other streets, and except where traffic lanes are marked and subject to the provisions of this chapter.

(Prior code § 10-126)

**10.04.190 Restrictions when following a vehicle.**

The driver of a vehicle shall not follow any other vehicle more closely than is reasonable and prudent, having due regard to the speed of such vehicles and traffic upon and conditions of the street.

(Prior code § 10-127)

**10.04.200 Driving speeds—Muffler required.**

No person shall drive any vehicle, except emergency vehicles, at a greater speed than designated as follows:

- A. In any public park, fifteen (15) miles per hour;
- B. When passing a public school building or grounds thereof, fifteen (15) miles per hour;
- C. When approaching within one hundred (100) feet of a bridge or intersection, twenty (20) miles per hour;
- D. Upon any arterial or through street, except as otherwise limited in this chapter, not less than twenty (20) miles per hour nor more than twenty-five (25) miles per hour;
- E. On all other streets and alleys, twenty (20) miles per hour;
- F. No person shall drive an automobile, motor vehicle or motorcycle, with a gasoline or other explosive mixture as a motor power within the municipality without a muffler thereon sufficient to deaden the sound of the explosions and such muffler shall not be disconnected or cutting out while such automobile, motor vehicle or motorcycle is being operated.

(Prior code § 10-128)

**10.04.210 Driving through funeral procession prohibited.**

No driver shall drive a vehicle between the vehicles comprising a funeral, parade or other authorized procession while such vehicles are in motion.

(Prior code § 10-129)

**10.04.220 Barricading streets.**

Whenever a street is in a dangerous condition, or is being repaired, or is hazardous for the travel of vehicles and/or pedestrians from crossing or traveling upon such street, and it is unlawful for any person to refuse to comply with any order of a police officer, sign, signal or direction given in compliance with this section.

(Prior code § 10-130)

**10.04.230 Running motors in parked cars prohibited—Set brakes.**

No person having control or charge of a vehicle, shall allow such vehicle to stand on any street or highway unattended without stopping the motor of said vehicle, and effectively setting the brakes thereon.

(Prior code § 10-131)

**10.04.240 Loaded vehicles obstructing view prohibited.**

It is unlawful for the driver of any vehicle to drive the same upon any street or highway when such vehicle is so loaded as to obstruct the view of the driver to the front or sides thereof, or to interfere with the driver's control of the driving mechanism of the vehicle.

(Prior code § 10-132)

**10.04.250 Unattended vehicular animal to be tied.**

It is unlawful to permit any animal used for vehicular purposes to be left unattended upon a street, alley or other public place unless such animal is securely tied to an object adapted or such purpose.

(Prior code § 10-133)

**10.04.260 Stopping at scene of accident.**

Whenever any vehicle is involved in an accident resulting in injury or in death of any person, or resulting in any injury to property, the driver shall immediately stop and exhibit his operator's license or driver's license to the person struck or to the driver or occupants of any vehicle collided with, or if impossible to do so, then to some person at the scene of the accident.

(Prior code § 10-134)

**10.04.270 Reporting accident.**

The driver of any vehicle involved in injury or death to a person, or resulting in injury or damage to property, shall within twenty-four (24) hours make a detailed report of such accident to the police department.

(Prior code § 10-135)

**10.04.280 Driving without license prohibited.**

No person shall drive any vehicle upon the streets or highways unless such driver is in possession of an operator's or chauffeur's license required by the laws of the state of Idaho.

(Prior code § 10-136)

**10.04.290 Bicycles not to attach to moving vehicle.**

No person riding in or upon any bicycle shall attach such bicycle to any other moving vehicle.

(Prior code § 10-140)

**10.04.300 Bicycles to the right—Single file.**

The driver of any bicycle shall drive such bicycle as near the right-hand curb as possible, and persons operating bicycles shall not ride more than two abreast. When passing any other vehicle, except vehicles parked at the curb, drivers of bicycles shall drive only in a single file.

(Prior code § 10-141)

**10.04.310 Bicycle and motorcycle riders on seats only.**

A person operating a bicycle or motorcycle shall not ride other than upon and astride the permanent and regular seat attached thereto, nor shall any person operating a bicycle or motorcycle carry any other person upon such bicycle or motorcycle than upon a firmly attached and regular seat thereon.

(Prior code § 10-142)

**10.04.320 At least one hand on handlebars required.**

No person shall operate a bicycle or motorcycle without keeping at least one hand upon the handlebar.

(Prior code § 10-143)

**10.04.330 Red reflectors required.**

All bicycles shall be equipped with an approved red reflector, which shall be so attached to the rear of such bicycle as to be visible from all distances from fifty (50) to three hundred (300) feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful upper beams of head lamps on a motor vehicle.

(Prior code § 10-144)

**10.04.340 Light required.**

Every bicycle when in use at night time shall be equipped with a lamp on the front which shall emit a white light visible from a distance of at least five hundred (500) feet.

(Prior code § 10-145)

**10.04.350 Brake required.**

Every bicycle shall be equipped with a brake which will enable the operator to make the braked wheel skid on a dry, level, clean pavement.

(Prior code § 10-146)

**10.04.360 Parking vehicles with offensive loads.**

It is unlawful to park any vehicle on municipal streets when such vehicle is loaded with any material that is offensive to human smell.

(Prior code § 10-148)

**10.04.370 Regulating the kinds and classes of traffic on certain highways.**

A. Restrictions Upon Use of Streets by Certain Vehicles.

1. The street superintendent (if appointed, pursuant to Ordinance 96-192\*) or police chief is authorized to determine and designate those streets upon which shall be prohibited the use of the roadway by vehicles of any type which exceed certain load limits, as determined by such street superintendent or police chief. For safety purposes, use by motor driven cycles, bicycles, horse drawn vehicles or other nonmotorized traffic may also be prohibited.
2. When any special load or use limitation is set, signs shall be erected giving notice thereof.

B. Load Restrictions and Use Regulations upon Vehicles Using Certain Streets. When signs are erected giving notice thereof, it is unlawful for any person to operate any vehicle with a gross weight in excess of the amounts specified.

C. A violation shall be punished by a fine of fifty dollars (\$50.00) plus associated court costs and fees as set by the court.

(Ord. 96-193 § 1)

\* Editor's Note: Ordinance 96-192 is codified in this code as Chapter 10.08, Parking Regulations.

**Chapter 10.08 PARKING REGULATIONS**

**Sections:**

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#### **10.08.010 Definitions.**

"Vehicle" means a machine propelled by power other than human power designed to travel along the ground by use of wheels, treads, runners or slides and transport persons or property or pull machinery and shall include, without limitation, automobile, truck, trailer, motorcycle, tractor, buggy and wagon.

(Ord. 96-192 § 2)

#### **10.08.020 Method of parking.**

- A. Standing or Parking on Road Edge. It is unlawful for any person to stand or park a vehicle in a roadway other than parallel with the edge of the roadway headed in the direction of lawful traffic movement and as far as practical outside of the flow of traffic, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.
- B. Lights on Parked Vehicles.
  - 1. Whenever a vehicle is lawfully parked at nighttime upon any street within a business or residence district, no lights need be displayed upon such parked vehicle.
  - 2. Whenever a vehicle is parked upon a street or highway outside of a business or residence district during the hours between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise, such vehicle shall be equipped with one or more lamps which shall exhibit white light on the roadwayside visible from a distance of five hundred (500) feet to the front of the vehicle and a red light visible from a distance of five hundred (500) feet to the rear.
  - 3. Any lighted headlamps upon a parked vehicle shall be depressed or dimmed.

(Ord. 96-192 § 3)

#### **10.08.030 Stopping, standing or parking of vehicles prohibited in specific places.**

- A. Stopping, Standing or Parking Vehicles Prohibited, No Signs Required.
  - 1. It is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic in compliance with law or the directions of a police officer or traffic control device, in any of the following places:
    - a. On any sidewalk;
    - b. In front of a public or private driveway;

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- c. Within an intersection;
  - d. Within fifteen (15) feet of a fire hydrant;
  - e. Within a crosswalk;
  - f. Within twenty (20) feet of a crosswalk at any intersection;
  - g. Within thirty (30) feet upon the approach to any flashing beacon, stop sign, or traffic control signal located at the side of a roadway;
  - h. Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within thirty (30) feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of the safety zone;
  - i. Within fifty (50) feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing;
  - j. Within twenty (20) feet of the driveway entrance of any fire station;
  - k. Alongside or opposite any street obstruction or excavation when stopping, standing or parking would obstruct traffic;
  - l. Upon the turf or grass of any city or public park unless designated as a parking area;
  - m. Parking upon a bridge, etc.;
  - n. Parking in yellow zone;
  - o. On either side of the entire length of Rapid Creek Road, Grant Street, Main Street and Holstein Street between the hours of five thirty a.m. to seven thirty a.m. of any day during the period from November 1st to April 30th;
  - p. On either side of the entire length of all streets in the city of Inkom, with the exception of Rapid Creek Road, Grant Street, Main Street and Holstein Street, between the hours of nine a.m. to eleven a.m. of any day during the period from November 1st to April 30th;
  - q. It is unlawful for any vehicle to be parked upon a city street or alley for more than forty-eight (48) hours;
  - r. Unless a permit or license for handicap parking is displayed on the vehicle in any area designated as handicap parking.
2. It is unlawful for any person to move a vehicle not lawfully under his/her control into any such prohibited area or position as is unlawful and the same fine shall apply.
  3. It is unlawful for any person to leave a motor vehicle unattended with the engine running.
- B. Parking Not to Obstruct Traffic. It is unlawful for any person to park any vehicle upon a street, or an alley in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than ten feet of the width of the traffic lane for free movement of vehicular traffic. It also is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle on a street or within an alley in such a position as to block the driveway entrance to abutting property, or upon a street in such a position as to block access to an alley.
- C. Parking for Certain Purposes Prohibited. No person shall park a vehicle upon any roadway for the principal purpose of:
1. Displaying such vehicle for sale;
  2. Washing, greasing or repairing such vehicle except repairs necessitated by an emergency.
- D. Parking Adjacent to Schools.
1. The street superintendent or police chief if authorized to erect signs indicating no parking upon either or both sides of any street adjacent to any school property when such parking would, in his opinion, interfere with traffic or create a hazardous situation.

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2. When official signs are erected indicating no parking upon either side of a street adjacent to any school property as authorized in this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle in any such designated place.
- E. Parking Prohibited on Narrow Streets.
1. The street superintendent or police chief is authorized to erect signs indicating no parking upon any street when the width of the roadway does not exceed twenty (20) feet or upon one side of a street as indicated by such signs when the width of the roadway does not exceed thirty (30) feet.
  2. When official signs prohibiting parking are erected upon narrow streets as authorized in this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to park a vehicle upon any such street in violation of any such signs.
- F. No Stopping, Standing or Parking Near Hazardous or Congested Places.
1. The street superintendent or police chief is authorized to determine and designate by proper signs, places not exceeding one hundred (100) feet in length in which the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles would create an especially hazardous condition or would cause unusual delay to traffic.
  2. When official signs are erected at hazardous or congested places as authorized in this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle in any such designated place.
- G. Application of Section. The provisions of this section prohibiting the standing or parking of a vehicle shall apply at all times or at those times specified in this chapter or as indicated on official signs except when it is necessary to stop a vehicle to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or official traffic control devices.
- H. Regulations Not Exclusive. The provisions of this section imposing a time limit on parking shall not relieve any person from the duty to observe other and more restrictive provisions prohibiting or limiting the stopping, standing or parking of vehicles in specific places or at specified times.

(Ord. 96-192 § 4)

### **10.08.040 Stopping for loading or unloading only.**

The street superintendent or police chief is authorized to establish bus stops, and bus stands, taxicab stands and stands for other passenger common-carrier motor vehicles on such public streets in such places and in such number as he shall determine to be of the greatest benefit and convenience to the public, and every such bus stop, bus stand, or any other stand shall be designated by appropriate signs.

(Ord. 96-192 § 5)

### **10.08.050 Parking spaces to be marked—Vehicles to be parked in spaces.**

The police chief or street superintendent may, where necessary, have lines or markings painted or placed upon the street and/or the curb for the purpose of designating parking spaces. Each vehicle shall park within the lines or markings so established. It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter to park any vehicle across any such lines or markings or to park the vehicle in such position that the same is not entirely within the area so designated by such lines or markings. Vehicles parking within marked spaces shall have two wheels within eighteen (18) inches from the curb or edge of the roadway.

(Ord. 96-192 § 6)

**10.08.060 Limited time parking zones.**

Parking zones are established as are now existent or as the governing body shall justify. The police chief or street superintendent is authorized and directed to establish such zones from time to time hereafter as traffic conditions require, upon such streets and on other property selected for the location of such zones, and shall fix the time limit for the legal parking of vehicles in such zones subject to the approval of the governing body. The police chief or street superintendent is authorized to establish, erect and maintain such signs and pavement markings as are necessary to indicate and give notice of zones authorized in this title, and of time limits within such zones.

(Ord. 96-192 § 7)

**10.08.070 Restricting parking of certain vehicles.**

- A. Motor vehicles on which any dimension is greater than the following: eight-foot in width; twenty-one (21) feet and six inches in length; nine feet in height shall not be parked on any street or alley in the residence district of the municipality for a longer period than one hour.
- B. No motor vehicle shall at any time be parked in the streets or alleys of the municipality in such a manner as to prevent the free and uninterrupted use of a driveway belonging to another person leading into any such street or alley.

(Ord. 96-192 § 8)

**10.08.080 Street superintendent and police officers.**

- A. The mayor may appoint a street superintendent(s), and give such superintendent(s) the authority of a police officer under the supervision of the mayor, to be responsible for the enforcement of all provisions of this chapter.
- B. It shall be the duty of the police officers and superintendent(s) employed by the city acting in accordance with instructions issued by the police chief to issue notices of parking violations for violations of this chapter.
- C. Whenever a power is granted to, or a duty imposed upon the street superintendent, the power or the duty may be performed by a police officer.
- D. No person shall interrupt or hinder a street superintendent or a police officer in the discharge of their duties.

(Ord. 96-192 § 9)

**10.08.090 Parking violation penalties.**

- A. The owner of a vehicle in or upon which a parking violation notice has been left or attached by a police officer or parking attendant employed by the city may avoid being prosecuted in the magistrates' court for the violation alleged in such notice by electing to pay the parking violations bureau of the police department, as a penalty for such violation, the fee established and set forth for such violation in this chapter or by subsequent resolution of the city council. There shall be a presumption that the registered owner of the vehicle was the driver at the time such violation occurred; the burden shall be on the registered owner to rebut this presumption.
- B. If payment of fee is not made within fourteen (14) days the fine shall be doubled to thirty dollars (\$30.00).

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- C. If the owner fails to respond to a parking violation notice after fourteen (14) days, a uniform traffic citation shall be issued to the owner of the vehicle, and the violation shall be treated as a misdemeanor.

(Ord. 96-192 § 10)

**10.08.100 Fee schedule.**

- A. The fees for violation of this chapter shall be as follows:

	Section	Within 7 Days
1. Parking against traffic and/or not parallel to road edge	10.08.020	\$ 15.00
2. Parking of vehicle without proper lights	10.08.020	15.00
3. Parking on sidewalk	10.08.030	15.00
4. Parking in front of driveway	10.08.030	15.00
5. Parking within intersection	10.08.030	15.00
6. Parking within 15' of fire hydrant	10.08.030	15.00
7. Parking on crosswalk	10.08.030	15.00
8. Parking within 20' of a crosswalk at an intersection	10.08.030	15.00
9. Parking within 30' upon the approach to any flashing beacon, stop sign or traffic control signal located at the side of a roadway	10.08.030	15.00
10. Parking within 30' of a safety zone	10.08.030	15.00
11. Parking within 50' of the nearest railroad crossing	10.08.030	15.00
12. Parking within 20' of fire station entrance	10.08.030	15.00
13. Parking alongside or opposite any street obstruction or excavation when stopping, standing or parking would obstruct traffic	10.08.030	15.00
14. Parking on turf or grass of city park	10.08.030	15.00
15. Parking on designated roads during no parking hours	10.08.030	15.00

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16. Obstructing traffic	10.08.030	15.00
17. Parking for the purpose of displaying vehicle for sale	10.08.030	15.00
18. Parking adjacent to schools where prohibited or hazardous	10.08.030	15.00
19. Parking on narrow street where signs prohibit parking	10.08.030	15.00
20. Parking or stopping near hazardous or congested places where signs prohibit parking	10.08.030	15.00
21. Parking in designated loading zone	10.08.040	15.00
22. Parking where restricted or prohibited	10.08.050	15.00
23. Parking outside of marked space	10.08.060	15.00
24. Parking beyond limited time in time zone	10.08.070	15.00
25. Parking oversized vehicle	10.08.080	15.00
26. Parking in an alleyway	10.08.030	
27. Parking on bridges	10.08.030	15.00
28. Parking in a yellow zone	10.08.030	15.00
29. Parking in marked handicap zone (or in such amount as set by state law)	10.08.030	45.50

B. The above fee schedule may be amended by the city council by proper resolution at any time.

(Ord. 96-192 § 11)

**10.08.110 Successive violations.**

Each day that a vehicle remains illegally parked constitutes an additional violation.

(Ord. 96-192 § 12)

**10.08.120 Removal of improperly or illegally parked vehicles.**

Any vehicle parked in violation of traffic regulations, any vehicle parked so as to obstruct the free movement of traffic or the emergency use of streets or causing a traffic hazard, or other exigent circumstances, may be removed upon order of the street superintendent or the police department. If such vehicle is attended, the police department is authorized to require the driver or other person in charge of the vehicle to move same or, if such vehicle is unattended, any police officer is authorized to provide for the removal of such vehicle to the nearest garage or other place of safety.

(Ord. 96-192 § 13)

**10.08.130 Impounding of abandoned vehicles.**

- A. Any vehicle any part of which is placed or sits upon any part of any public street, alley, road, sidewalk, or any other public property for more than forty-eight (48) consecutive hours without being moved is deemed an abandoned vehicle.
- B. Upon receiving notice of a possible abandoned vehicle, an officer of any law enforcement agency shall place a tag on the vehicle in a clearly visible location. The tag shall state the date and time the tag is attached and shall advise that the vehicle must be moved within forty-eight (48) hours or it will be impounded.

If the vehicle has not been moved within the stated time, the city shall cause it to be removed, towed and put in storage.

The city may enter into contracts or agreements with private parties to provide removal, towing and storage of abandoned vehicles.

- C. Fees. Before any vehicle can be recovered all parking citations shall be paid to the city. Payment as required by this chapter shall be made at the office of the city clerk.
- D. Release of Vehicle. Upon receipt of all fees paid, the city clerk or police officer shall issue to the owner of the vehicle or a person designated by the owner, a receipts of fees showing the total fees paid and authorizing release of the vehicle.

Private parties performing removal, towing and storage services will collect their own fees rather than billing the city.

- E. A reasonable attempt shall be made to notify the owner of any vehicle which has current license plates, by telephone, prior to the expiration of the forty-eight (48) hours notice period, of the location of the vehicle and the time and date of intent to remove the vehicle. The inability of an officer to notify the owner shall not preclude the removal of the vehicle at the expiration of the forty-eight (48) hour period.

(Ord. 96-192 § 14)

**10.08.140 Parking prohibited on southern side of U.S. Highway 30—Penalty.**

- A. It is prohibited to stop, stand or park a motorized vehicle, trailer, or wheeled vehicle of any type upon the southern side of the U.S. Highway 30 right-of-way between the bridge over Rapid Creek (near the intersection with Commercial Street) and the city limit line which is approximately eight hundred (800) feet east of the Stephen Street intersection. This prohibition applies only to the southern side of the highway right-of-way. Parking is specifically permitted on the north side of that highway, so long as the parking is in compliance with the other parking regulations instituted by the city of Inkom and by the state.

## Title 10 VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

- B. The parking fee for a violation of this chapter shall be fifteen dollars (\$15.00) per day, if paid within fourteen (14) days of the date that a parking notice has been left or attached by a police officer or parking attendant employed by the city of Inkom. If payment of such fee is not made within fourteen (14) days of the date of notice, the fee shall be doubled to thirty dollars (\$30.00) and the city may issue a uniform traffic citation and the violation shall be treated as a misdemeanor pursuant to Inkom Municipal Code Chapter 10.08.
- C. Such fee and notice deadlines may be set by the Inkom city council by resolution pursuant to the same requirements as in Inkom Municipal Code Chapter 10.08.
- D. Each day that a vehicle remains illegally parked constitutes an additional violation and additional fees and fines will apply.
- E. Any vehicle parked in violation of this section so as to obstruct the free movement of traffic or the emergency use of streets or causing a traffic hazard may be removed upon order of the police department. If such vehicle is attended, the police department is authorized to require the driver or other person in charge of the vehicle to move the vehicle or, if such vehicle is unattended, any police officer is authorized to provide for the removal of such vehicle to the nearest garage or other place of storage.

(Ord. 99-207)